

**Sites & Monuments Record of the Parish of St. Clement
(Cornwall Council Interactive Map as at May 2018)**

Sites & Monuments Record ref.	Title & Summary	Record Type	Grid Reference
	Prehistoric (50000 BC to AD 42) / Mesolithic (8000 BC to 4001 BC) / Neolithic (4000 BC to 2501 BC) / Bronze Age (2500 BC to 801 BC) / Iron Age (800 BC to AD 42) / Romano-British (AD 43 to AD 409)		
MCO 951	Bronze Age axehead (and possible Roman coins) found at Malpas	Findspot	SW 842 426
MCO 953	Mixed scatter of Romano-British and Medieval (AD 1066 to AD 1539) pottery found in fields west of St. Clement	Findspot	SW 84 43
MCO 954	Neolithic/Early Bronze Age plano-convex flint knife found in fields north of Malpas	Findspot	SW 84 43
MCO 1314	Prehistoric findspot at the Sanctuary, St Clement, comprising small number of flint tools and stone pebbles	Findspot	SW 8532 4340
MCO 3764	Bronze Age Barrow at Tresemple; visible as a low earth mount	Extant structure	SW 8547 4480
MCO 3088	Bronze Age Barrow at Malpas - The Cregou or Oregon Bowl Barrow and enclosure 900m south east of Park Farm. Protected Status - Scheduled Monument 32909	Extant structure	SW 8488 4333
MCO 6765	Prehistoric lithic scatter including a small scraper found in a field west of St. Clement	Findspot	SW 84 43
MCO 7692	Iron Age/Romano-British round at Calerick; the place-name Calerick suggests the site of a round but there are no remains	Documentary evidence	SW 833 477
MCO 7920	Dinas Iron Age round and Romano-British hillfort. The name Dinas suggests the site of a fortified enclosure and plans reveal an earthwork but no visible signs remain. Dinas was once part of Moresk Manor	Documentary evidence	SW 852 434
MCO 8385	Iron Age/Romano-British round at Polwhele together with an undated enclosure	Cropmarks	SW 8417 4768
MCO 8742	Round 450M South of Tregeagle; Early Iron Age and Romano-British with a possible Early Medieval lann (AD 410 to AD 1065); Protected Status - Scheduled Monument 32960	Extant structure	SW 8669 4657
MCO 21306	Documentary evidence points to a Castle at Polwhele; an Early Iron Age to Romano-British round with hut circle and Iron Age field system; 160m south west of Higher Tregurra. Protected Status - Scheduled Monument 32968	Documentary evidence	SW 8368 4632
MCO 21734	Remains of a rectilinear univallate enclosure at Park Farm, Malpas, visible as a cropmark on aerial photographs; Prehistoric	Cropmarks	SW 8443 4387
MCO 54206/54207	Scatter of Mesolithic and Neolithic flint artefacts from Park Farm, Malpas	Findspot	SW 84 43
MCO 54208	Bronze Age findspot at Malpas - a barbed and tanged arrowhead found beside a trackway on Park Farm, Malpas	Findspot	SW 84 43
MCO 57972	Remains of a sub-circular early Neolithic enclosure at Woodstock Corner	Excavated feature / sub-surface deposit	SW 8434 4612
	Early Medieval (AD 410 to AD 1065) / Medieval (AD 1066 to AD 1539)		
MCO 7177	Early Medieval stone inscribed VITALI FILI TORRICI repeated just below in Irish ogham script. Another inscription just below the cross says IGNIOC, the name of the man to whom the stone is dedicated. Medieval cross. Protected Status - Scheduled Monument 29203 ; Early Christian Memorial Stone and Wayside Cross in St. Clement's Churchyard	Extant structure	SW 8506 4386
MCO 10280	Documentary evidence refers to an Early Medieval and Medieval settlement and chapel at Tregoninny. The present farmhouse is on the site of an earlier house,	Documentary evidence	SW 8540 4645
MCO 10596	Tresemple historic dovecote dated to Early Medieval to Modern - research ongoing but structure is no longer extant	Documentary evidence	SW 847 450
MCO 13443	Early Medieval/Medieval settlement at Bodrean; first recorded in 1296	Documentary evidence	SW 8484 4788
MCO 14960	Early Medieval/Medieval settlement at Higher Tregurra; the settlement is first recorded in 1461 but it must have existed before this as a sub-division of Tregurra is recorded from 1337	Documentary evidence	SW 8377 4642
MCO 15206	Documentary evidence records an Early Medieval and Medieval settlement at Lambessow	Documentary evidence	SW 8421 4494
MCO 15567	Early Medieval/Medieval settlement at Lower Tregurra; first recorded in 1556	Documentary evidence	SW 8420 4647
MCO 15759	Documentary evidence supports Moresk Early Medieval settlement as well as a Medieval settlement and manor	Documentary evidence	SW 852 434
MCO 16422	Documentary evidence records Polsue Early Medieval settlement; Medieval settlement and manor. The settlement of Polsue being first recorded in the Domesday survey of 1086; it is occupied to this day.	Documentary evidence	SW 8586 4611
MCO 17699	Documentary evidence supports the Tresemple Early Medieval and Medieval settlement. Tresemple remains occupied	Documentary evidence	SW 8477 4504
MCO 17705	Documentary evidence refers to the Early Medieval/Medieval settlement at Tresillian	Documentary evidence	SW 8675 4643
MCO 25164	Documentary evidence suggests Early Medieval lann (enclosed cemetery) at Lambessow	Documentary evidence	SW 842 449
MCO 26083	Probable Early Medieval Lann (enclosed cemetery); precursor to St Clement's medieval church;	Extant structure	SW 8507 4388
MCO 32193	Early Medieval to Modern mound at Bodrean Manor	Cropmark	SW 8457 4753
	Medieval (AD 1066 to AD 1539) / Post Medieval (AD 1540 to AD 1900)		
MCO 134	Earliest documentary reference to Moresk Castle dates to AD 1487. It is said to have been destroyed in the early 12th century.	Documentary evidence	SW 8520 4344
MCO 6448	The Medieval Church of St Clement was the church of the royal manor of Moresk and is probably on a site of early medieval origin. Protected Status: Listed Building (I) 62819	Extant structure	SW 8506 4387
MCO 7067	The Medieval Holy Well at St. Clement is mentioned in a charter of c.1190	Extant structure	SW 8516 4384
MCO 13696	Medieval settlement at Calerick; first recorded in 1298	Documentary evidence	SW 8335 4778

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MCO 13975	Documentary evidence refers to a Medieval settlement at Chycoose; first recorded in AD 1337	Documentary evidence	SW 8420 4265
MCO 14078	Medieval settlement at Condurra was first recorded in AD 1508	Demolished structure	SW 8516 4405
MCO 14276	The Medieval and Post Medieval settlement at Dinas is first recorded in 1175 as Le Dinas. It is last recorded in 1884. The Cornish name derives from <i>dynas</i> meaning 'fort'	Documentary evidence	SW 851 438
MCO 15142	A Medieval settlement at Kiggon was first recorded in 1300	Documentary evidence	SW 8566 4553
MCO 15148	Medieval settlement at Killagorden; first recorded in 1556	Documentary evidence	SW 8274 4680
MCO 15282	Medieval settlement at Laniley; first recorded in 1250 and still occupied	Documentary evidence	SW 8422 4853
MCO 15458	Medieval settlement at Little Penhellick; recorded in the 15th century	Documentary evidence	SW 829 473
MCO 154487	Medieval settlement of Lonsongarth first recorded in 1556; the site is still occupied, though not named on later OS maps	Documentary evidence	SW 8465 4698
MCO 15613	Documentary evidence recording the Medieval settlement of Malpas; earliest references dated to AD 1383	Documentary evidence	SW 8441 4267
MCO 16006	A Medieval settlement at Park is first recorded in AD 1350; Park continues to be occupied	Documentary evidence	SW 8409 4374
MCO 16034	The Medieval settlement of Penair is first recorded in 1323. The site is now occupied by a nursing home	Documentary evidence	SW 8461 4556
MCO 16054	A Medieval settlement at Pencalenick was first recorded in 1284. The site is now occupied by Pencalenick School	Documentary evidence	SW 8566 4533
MCO 16149	Medieval settlement at Penhellick, first recorded in 1301	Documentary evidence	SW 829 473
MCO 16438	Medieval settlement at Polwhele; first recorded in 1278	Documentary evidence	SW 8377 4723
MCO 18398	Medieval settlement at Woodlands; first recorded 1461 when it is spelt "Wodelond".	Documentary evidence	SW 8504 4731
MCO 25123	Earliest reference to a ferry terminal at Malpas dates to AD 1540. The Medieval terminal (or ford) was in use until AD 1881 when it was replaced by the ferry running between Malpas and the Roseland Peninsula	Documentary evidence	SW 8457 4276
MCO 25165	The site of a Medieval/Post Medieval prison is recorded at this location c1880 and is said to have been for offenders in the Duchy Manor of Moresk	Documentary evidence	SW 842 449
MCO 26063	A Medieval leper hospital at Kiggon was first recorded in 1308. The hospital is now demolished by its probable site is in a woodyard belonging to the Duchy of Cornwall, which now contains 18th century buildings	Demolished structure	SW 8563 4549
MCO 32129	Field banks and ditches of probable Medieval or Post Medieval date in the fields south and east of Bodrean Manor Farm	Cropmarks	SW 8507 4810
MCO 32148	Medieval and Post Medieval field boundaries at Tregoninny; taking the form of perpendicular linear ditches, 100m long, visible as cropmarks on vertical aerial photographs/	Cropmarks	SW 8507 4638
MCO 32202	Medieval strip field at Polwhele; immediately to the north of the railway	Cropmarks	SW 8380 4676
MCO 32206	Medieval field boundary at Higher Tregurra considered likely to relate to the medieval settlement of Higher Tregurra	Cropmark	SW 8395 4637
	Post Medieval (AD 1540 to AD 1900)		
MCO 4847	Post Medieval quay at Pencalenick	Extant structure	SW 8595 4526
MCO 4929	The Post Medieval Bondcellars Quay was used up to the 1930's for the loading and unloading of grain (for the maltings), coal and timber. Now re-developed as car sales showrooms.	Extant structure	SW 8633 4599
MCO 7323 MCO 7324 MCO 7325	Three 19th century lime kilns appeared on OS maps in 1879, the 1880s and 1906. All three have been demolished	Documentary evidence	SW 8636 4607 SW 8667 4625 SW 8661 4622
MCO 10047	Nonconformist 19th century Chapel at Malpas	Extant structure	SW 8419 4253
MCO 10882	The Modern country house was constructed of freestone ashlar masonry under a Delabole slate roof in 1881; the Post Medieval house being demolished by 1902. It is now a Special Needs school	Demolished structure	SW 857 453
MCO 26068	19th century toll house, dated 1824, still survives and is in good order	Extant structure	SW 8681 4650
MCO 26084	Post Medieval stocks preserved in the Church of St Clement	Extant structure	SW 8509 4386
MCO 28650	Post Medieval boathouse at Pencalenick Quay was recorded on historic Ordnance Survey maps but is no longer extant.	Documentary evidence	SW 8596 4527
MCO 28663	Post Medieval fish pond adjacent to the Tresillian river	Extant structure	SW 8575 4516
MCO 28687	19th century brickworks at Woodcock Corner; full extent of site not yet recorded	Extant structure	SW 8460 4625
MCO 29232	19th century waterworks and engine house; still in use as a pumping station	Extant structure	SW 8476 4640
MCO 29238	19th century malt house; now a private residence	Extant structure	SW 8666 4623
MCO 29237	19th century corn mill at Kiggon; it was already listed as disused in 1884	Documentary evidence	SW 8559 4551
MCO 32317	19th century non-conformist chapel	Extant structure	SW 8689 4661
MCO 44438	Post Medieval obelisk in a small wood known as "The Rookery" at Kiggon (Woodcock Corner) close to Pencalenick House	Extant structure	SW 8526 4560
MCO 44596	Post Medieval brickworks at Park Farm made for domestic use from local clay	Demolished structure	SW 842 427

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MCO 48922	An early 19th century granite milestone at Malpas inscribed 'TRURO 2'. Protected Status: <u>Listed Building (II) 351276</u>	Extant structure	SW 8425 4255
MCO 53064	19th century blacksmiths workshop; used as a school from 1881 and then fully converted in 1905 to an Infants school. Now a private residence.	Extant structure	SW 8647 4613
MCO 54666	19th century railway bridge at Lower Tregurra	Extant structure	SW 8447 4671
MCO 58869	Original site of Post Medieval stocks	Extant structure - moved	SW 8505 4386
	Modern		
MCO 30058	Remains of an early 20th century hollow way visible on air photographs (an hollow way is a road or track that is significantly lower than the land on either side, not formed by (recent) engineering of a road cutting but possibly of much greater age)	Extant structure	SW 8395 4320
MCO 32197	World War II military camp at Tresemple; considered likely to be part of an American military camp; approximately 70 bell tents are visible on vertical aerial photographs	Demolished structure	SW 8391 4275
MCO 32198	World War II military camp at Penair; considered likely to be part of an American military camp; approximately 20 bell tents are visible on vertical aerial photographs	Demolished structure	SW 8431 4539
MCO 32200	An extensive American military camp is known to have been located at Polwhele during World War II , probably a field hospital.	Documentary evidence /	SW 8345 4709
MCO 42210	The only surviving World War II concreted mooring blocks used for the D-Day landings still in existence in the area	Extant structure	SW 8391 4275
MCO 45843	Small early 20th century Anglican church	Extant structure	SW 8425 4256
MCO 55632	Modern crematorium at Penmount	Extant structure	SW 8292 4733
MCO 55673	Modern garden of rest at Penmount	Extant structure	SW 8301 4729
MCO 56809	A holding tank for water for the extensive farming estate at Park farm built by German prisoners of war in 1942	Extant structure	SW 8416 4333

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